

<p>The two lip puffers.</p> <p>Book 1, L 1 (p), (b)</p>	<p>The two tongue tappers.</p> <p>Book 1, L 2 (t), (d)</p>
<p>Smiling vowel that says (ī).</p> <p>Book 1, L 5 (ī)</p>	<p>A code mark that indicates a short vowel sound.</p> <p>Book 1, L 3 breve ∪</p>
<p>A code mark to indicate a long sound.</p> <p>Book 1, L 3 macron -</p>	<p>The vowel in a closed syllable is short, code with a breve.</p> <p>∪ Book 1, L 3 vc</p>
<p>What type of sounds are open and voiced?</p> <p>Book 1, L 3 vowels</p>	<p>What type of sounds are usually blocked or partially blocked by teeth, tongue or lips?</p> <p>Book 1, L 3 consonants</p>

<p>The vowel in an open, accented syllable is long code with a macron.</p> <p>Book 1, L 3 $\bar{v} \rightarrow$</p>	<p>Lip chillers.</p> <p>Book 1, L 4 (f),(v)</p>
<p>A group of words that has meaning but does not express a complete thought.</p> <p>Book 1, L 4 phrase</p>	<p>Nasals.</p> <p>Book 1, L 6 (m),(n)</p>
<p>A group of words that begins with a capital letter, ends with punctuation, and makes a complete thought.</p> <p>Book 1, L 7 sentence</p>	<p>Round air.</p> <p>Book 1, L 7 (w)</p>
<p>Tongue chillers.</p> <p>Book 1, L 9 (th), (th)</p>	<p>Back kickers.</p> <p>Book 1, L 9 (k),(g)</p>

<p>Initial or medial (k) is spelled with a K before what two letters?</p> <p>Book 1, L 10 e, i</p>	<p>My before hand is my....</p> <p>Book 1, L 2 left</p>
<p>My after hand is my ...</p> <p>Book 1, L 2 right</p>	<p>Open vowels sound.</p> <p>Book 1, L 11 Ö</p>
<p>A letter or group of letters added to the end of a base word to change its meaning.</p> <p>Book 1, L 14 suffix</p>	<p>What letter do you use to spell final (k) after a consonant sound?</p> <p>Book 1, L 14 <u>k</u></p>
<p>Thin streams.</p> <p>Book 1, L 15 (s), (s)</p>	<p>Panting air.</p> <p>Book 1, L 7 (h)</p>